# Village of Patchogue Revitalization, Economic Impact Analysis

Prepared for: Long Island Regional Planning Council



ECONOMIC AND REAL ESTATE ANALYSIS FOR SUSTAINABLE LAND USE OUTCOMES<sup>™</sup>

The Long Island Regional Planning Council acknowledges and appreciates the support of the Suffolk County Economic Development Corporation in producing this study.

#### Interviews

- Village of Patchogue public officials
- Patchogue-Medford School District superintendent
- Town of Brookhaven officials
- Local real estate professionals
- Local business owners

#### **Economic Impact Analysis**

- Public Subsidies
- Private Development Investment
- Spending from New Non-Local Households
- New Businesses Operations
- Prospective residential and commercial development

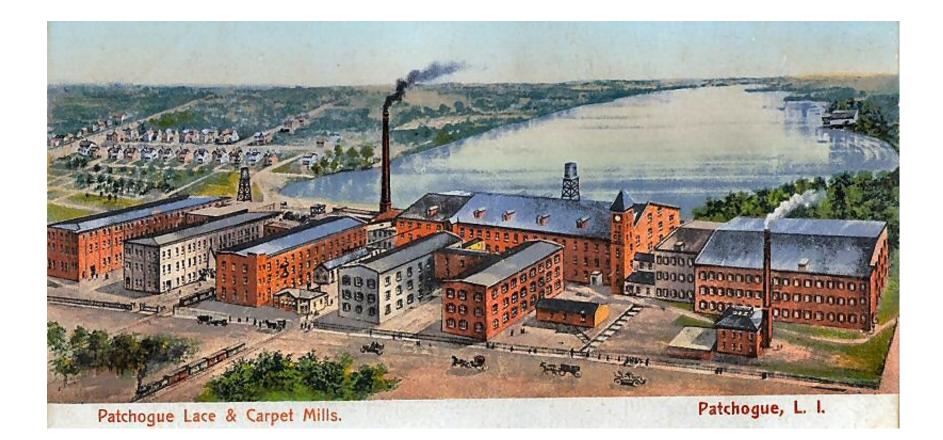
#### **Fiscal Impact Analysis**

- •New residents and public school-age children.
- Net fiscal impacts to the school district
- Prospective residential and commercial development

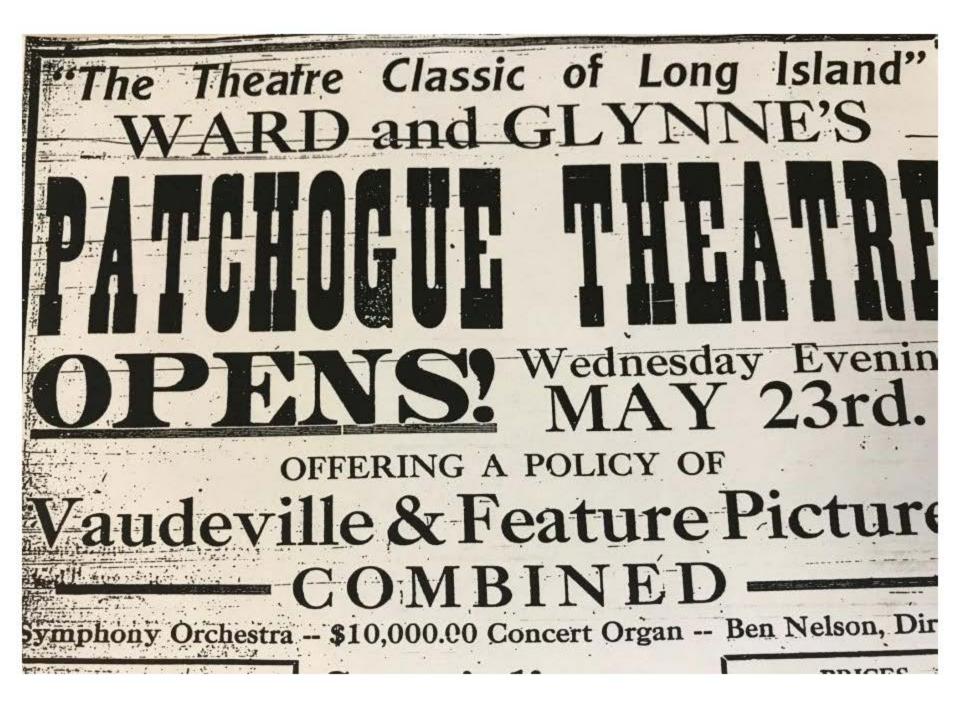
#### **Comparative Analysis**

- Real Property Values
- Number of Business Establishments
- Value of Sales, Receipts or Revenues
- Annual Payroll
- Number of Employees

### **Historical Overview**

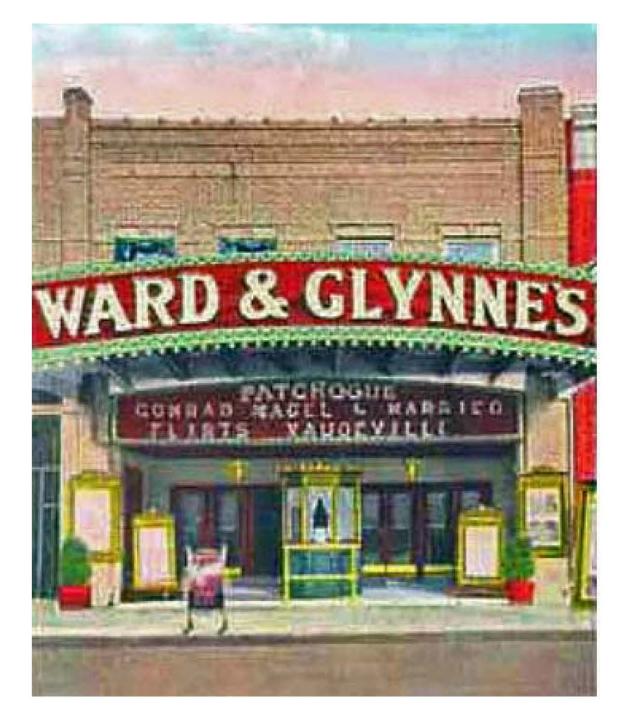


The economic foundation of Patchogue was developed around heavy industry, which led to the establishment of retail, hospitality and entertainment businesses.





Patchogue's commercial district was a regional destination for many decades and a good deal of the building architecture remains – lending to Patchogue's current visitor appeal.



The Central Business District (CBD) Remains Healthy

# 2% to 5% Vacancy Rate

# Pre 1960s

The CBD Begins to Experience Increased Vacancies

# 10% to 20% Vacancy Rate

# 1960s to 1970s

The CBD Experiences Full Blown Distress

# 40% to 50% Vacancy Rate

# 1980s to 1990s



# What were the catalysts underpinning Patchogue's revitalization?

Vision and Volunteerism: the "can do" attitude of the village's civic, business, and elected leaders

**Infrastructure Improvements:** *including expansion of the village's wastewater treatment facility* 

**Partnerships with Developers:** allowing developers to "bring their best" ideas and encouraging them to invest in the community

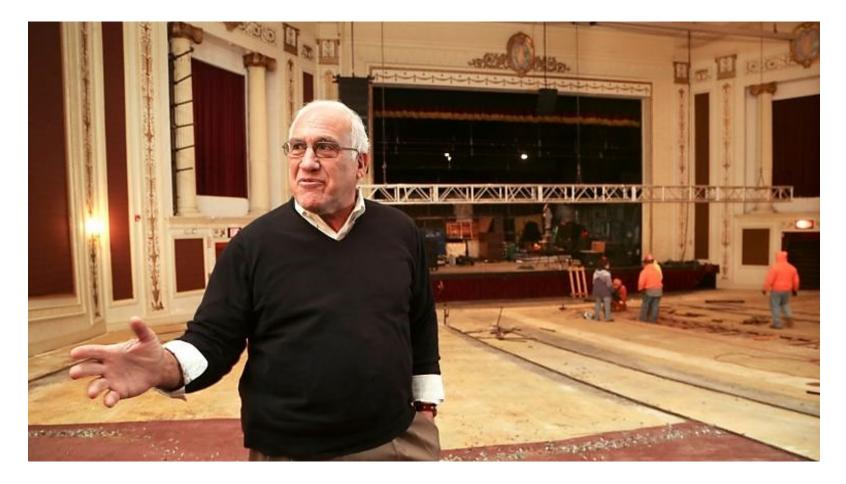
**Vigorous Pursuit of Grant Funding:** *municipal projects, arts organizations, and business groups all benefitted* 

# What were the catalysts underpinning Patchogue's revitalization?

**Creating an Entertainment and Dining Destination:** creating more and better options to encourage visitor spending

Attracting Visitors with Community Events: including the annual Alive at Five event welcoming thousands to the village

**Building a New Arts and Cultural Scene:** including renovation of the Patchogue theater and artist housing



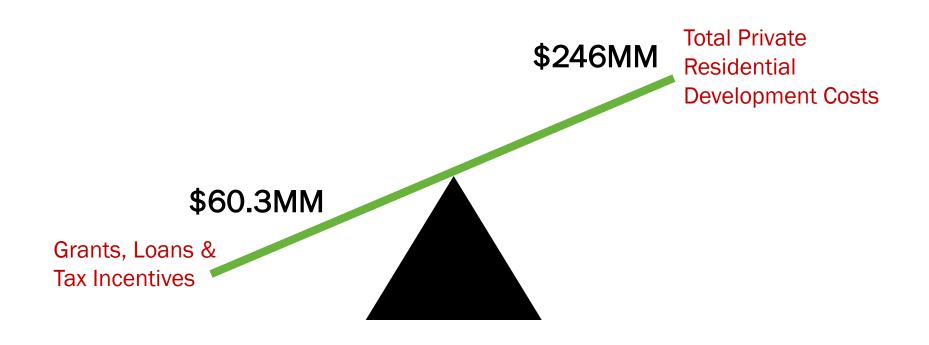
Every successful revitalization effort has a champion at its beginning.

### **Economic Impact Analysis**

#### **Economic Impact Analysis: Public Subsidies**

\$18,000,000	Patchogue Chamber of Commerce								
\$16,00 <b>Fr</b>	om 2001 to 2017, Pate	chogue secured							
\$14,00	\$60.3 million in public subsidies								
\$12,00 <b>(g</b>	rants, loans, tax incen	ntives).							
	Patchogue Arts Council								
\$10,000,000	Patchogue Village Center for the Performing Arts								
\$8,00	7 million in grants alo	one							
\$6,000,000	Patchogue Theatre for the Performing Arts								
\$4,000,000									
\$2,000,000									
\$0	2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 200	008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 20	17						

Patchogue's ability to secure and/or provide grants, loans and tax incentives was critical to the scale of private investment made over the past 17 years



For every \$1.00 directly invested in construction activity, \$0.70 in indirect and induced activity resulted throughout the Suffolk County economy.

\$246 Million in Construction Investments



\$79.4MM in indirect economic output + \$93.4MM in induced economic output + <u>\$246.0MM in direct economic output =</u> \$418.8MM in total economic output

1,435 direct temporary jobs + 582 indirect temporary jobs + 651 induced temporary jobs = 2,668 total temporary jobs

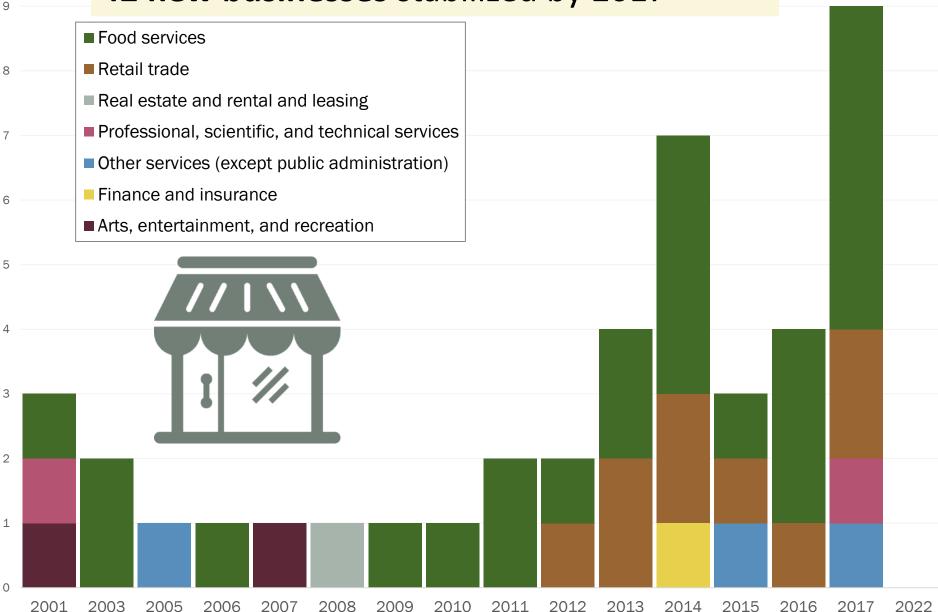
For every 100 direct construction related jobs created, 86 indirect and induced jobs were created within the Suffolk County economy.

**Economic Impact Analysis: Direct & Indirect Employment Impacts** 

- 54 new businesses established in downtown Patchogue between 2000 and 2017.
- 42 of these businesses are considered stable (operating for at least one full year).
- An estimated 408 direct new jobs in the downtown are attributed to these new businesses.
- An additional 128 indirect and induced jobs were created in Suffolk County as a result.

#### **Economic Impact Analysis: New Businesses Stabilized by Type**

#### 42 new businesses stabilized by 2017



**Economic Impact Analysis: 2000 to 2017 Total Economic Impacts** 

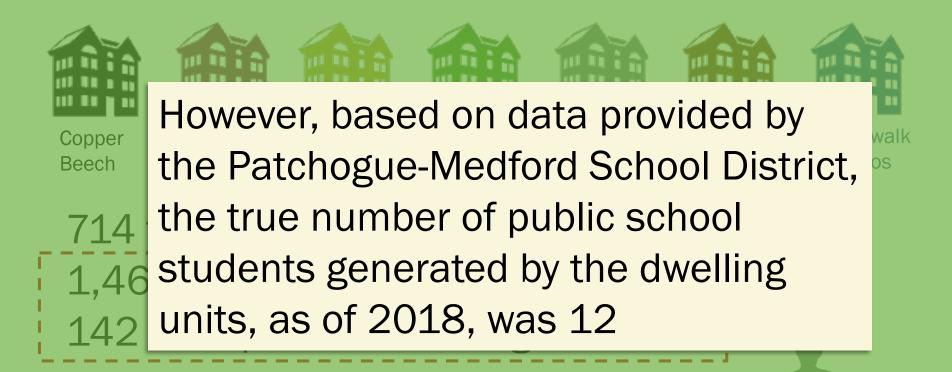
Cumulative number of jobs:	5,918
Total Direct Economic Output:	\$408,476,636
Total Indirect Economic Output:	\$124,349,678
Total Induced Economic Output:	<u>\$160,483,644</u>
Total Economic Output:	\$693,309,958

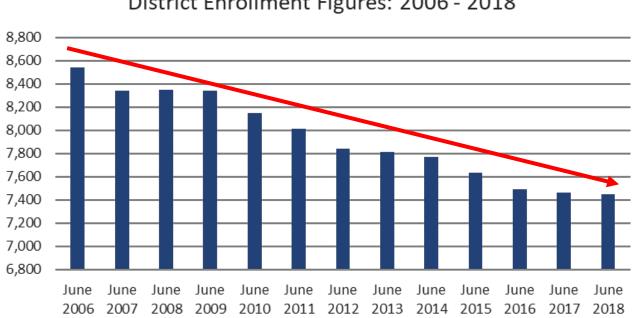
The above values pertain to construction, new household spending and new business operations over the 17-year period.

### **Fiscal Impact Analysis**



# 714 total dwelling units 1,465 total residents 142 total public school-age children





Patchogue-Medford School District District Enrollment Figures: 2006 - 2018

Over the 12-year period examined, the PMSD realized <u>a decrease of nearly 1,100 students</u>, despite an overall increase in the Village population during the same timespan.

Residential Project	Years Open	Total PSAC	Lower Limit Average Cost (\$4,000/Pupil) Total Annual Average Cost	Total Educational Service Cost Since Project Opening			
Copper Beech	10	8	\$32.000	\$320.000			
An estimated \$3.5 million in total educational service costs since 2006.							
education	al se	rvice	costs since	e 2006.			
education	al se	rvice	costs since \$72,000	e 2006. \$360,000			
Artspace Lofts	5	18	\$72,000	\$360,000			

The likely average per pupil cost for new students in the district is assumed to be \$4,000 (approximately one sixth of the current average cost).

Residential Project	Years Open	Total PMSD Taxes				
Condos on Riverview (An estimated \$6.6 million5.206Bay Villagein total tax levies 2006.3.566						
Artspace Lofts	5	\$59,910				
New Village Apartments	5	***				

Based on tax assessor data, the seven multifamily projects examined have a cumulative tax levy total of \$6,614,297 since 2006.

# **\$6,614,297** in estimated tax levies over ten years minus...

**\$3,464,000** in estimated educational costs over the same ten years =

\$3,150,297 estimated net surplus revenues to the School District

# \$6,614,297 in estimated tax levies over ten years minus...

Based on an actual 10 to 12 students associated with the residential development, the true educational costs are likely in the hundreds of thousands dollars and the net surplus several millions of dollars greater.

\$3,150,297 estimated net surplus revenues to the School District -----

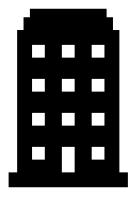
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**Fiscal Impact Analysis Findings: Prospective Development** 

# What fiscal impact would occur if a new 100-room hotel were developed?

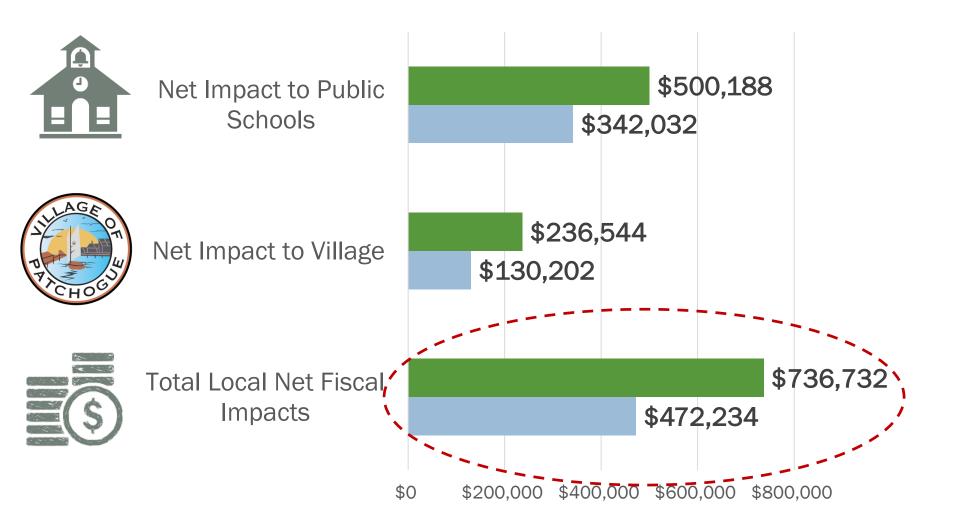
# Or a new 60-unit apartment building?





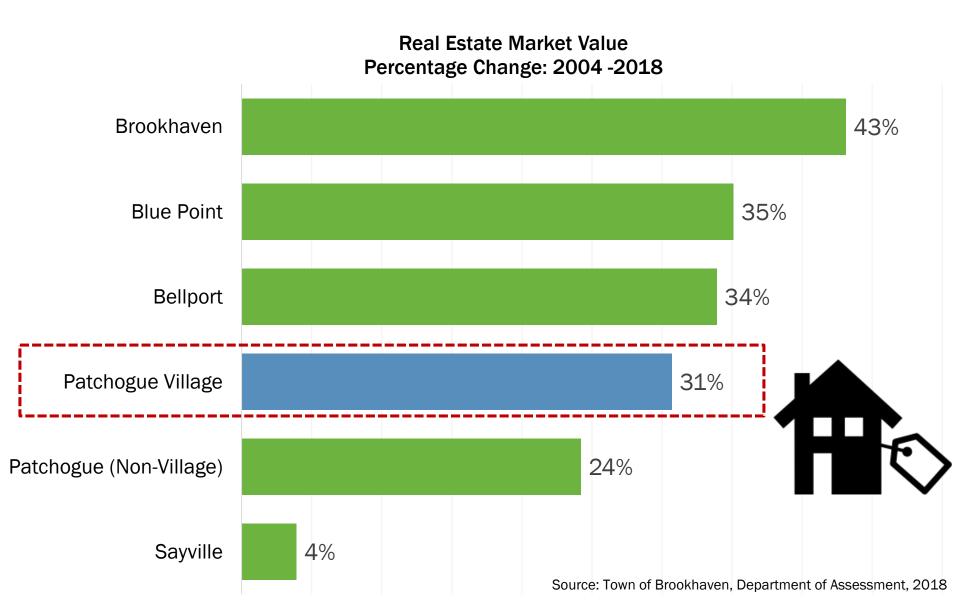
#### **Net Fiscal Impact Findings:**

Prospective Large Scale Development Projects 100 room HotelMulti-family Residential



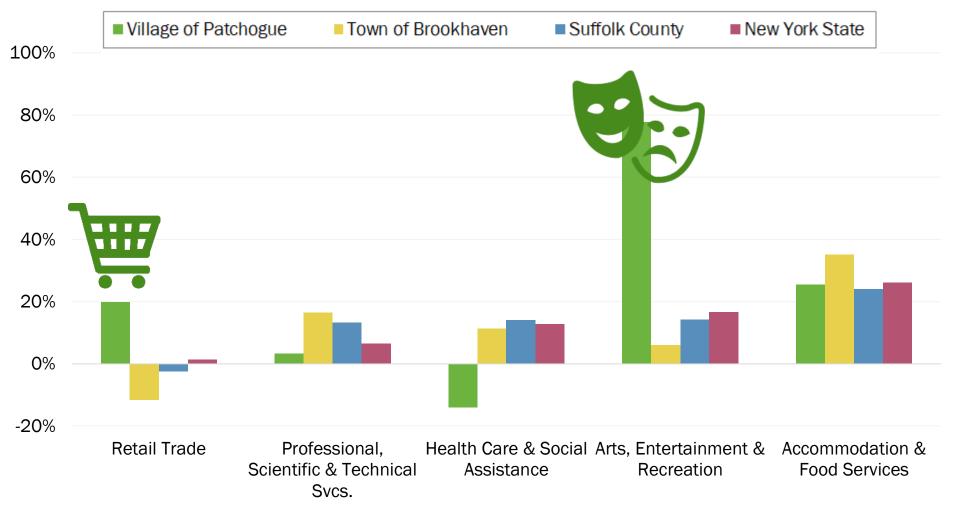
### **Comparative Analysis**

#### **Real Estate Market Value Trends: Real Estate Market Value**



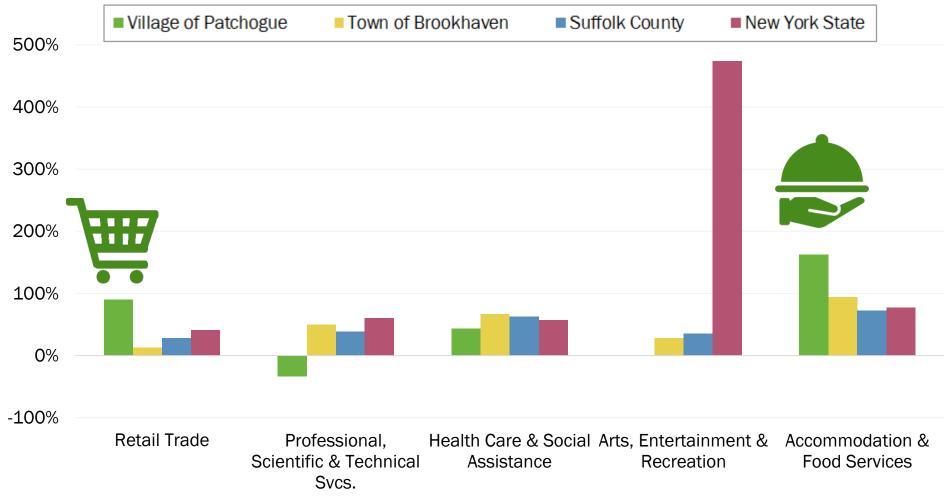


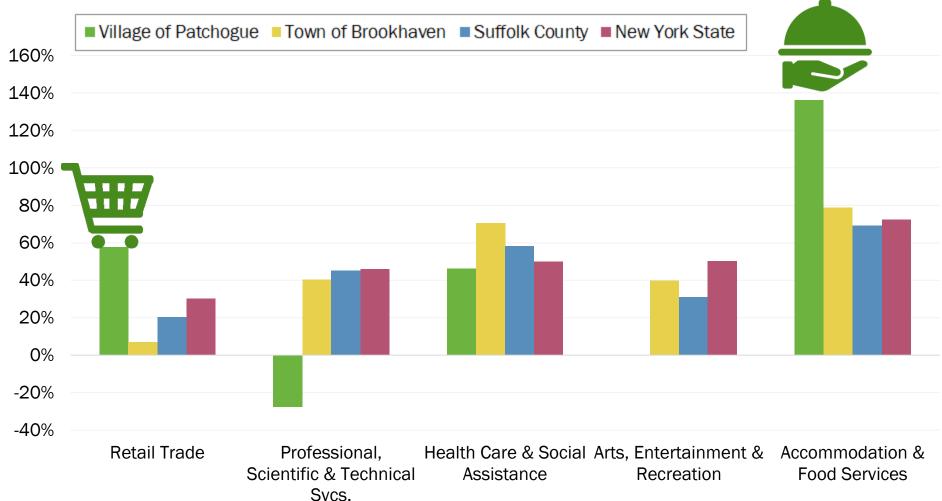
#### **Businesses Established: Percentage Change Since 2002-2012**





#### Value of Sales, Receipts, Revenue Percentage Change, 2002-2012

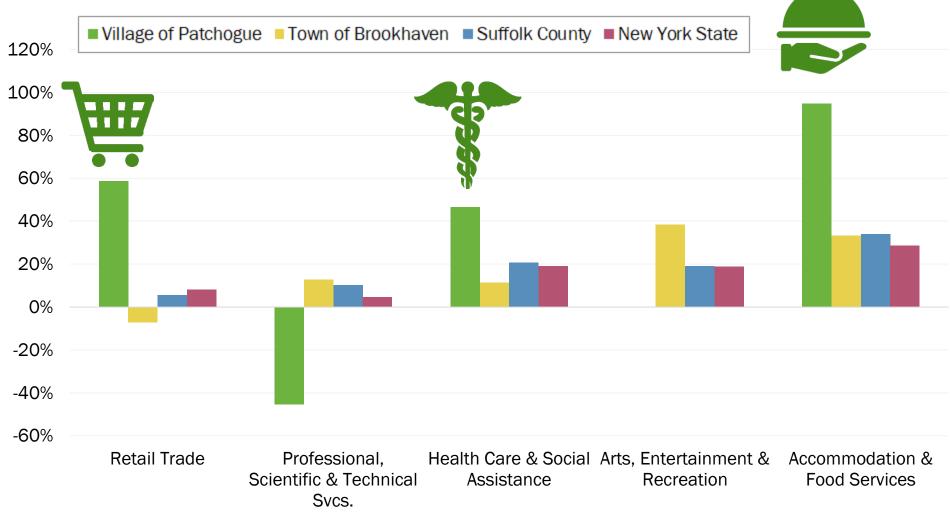




Annual Payroll Percentage Change, 2002-2012

Source: Census Bureau, ACS, 2018

#### Number of Employees Percentage Change, 2002-2012



Source: Census Bureau, ACS, 2018

## **Study Takeaways**

#### **Economic and Fiscal Impact Analysis: Study Takeaways**

- Upfront public investment can leverage many times its value in private investment.
- Cooperation among various public and private sector actors is critical!
- Without one or more <u>steadfast</u> champions, success is not likely to be realized.
- Residential development particularly multifamily dwelling units – cannot be automatically assumed to be a fiscal burden to a community.



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